



MANAGEMENT OF ccTLD AND DNS IN MALI

ICANN meeting Mexico 1 - 6 Feb

AGENDA

- I. CONTEXT OF IMPLANTATION OF IP NETWORK
- II. HISTORY OF MANAGEMENT OF ccTLD AND DNS
- III. GOVERNMENT'S STRATEGIES
- VII. SOME REFLECTIONS

CONTEXT OF IMPLANTATION OF IP NETWORK

- Création of **Malipac** (e-mail off line) on **1993**
- **1996** signature of agreement protocole « **LELAND initiative** »
- **December 1996** connexion of NOC
- **Avril-juin 1997** connexion of first ISP (BINTA, CEFIB, Datatech, Spider)
- **September 1997** inauguration of Internet in the country
- **Novembre 1997** repatriation of the management of the TLD .ml
- Feb 2000 organisation of international conference of Bamako2000
- **March 2001** program of extension of IP Network and création of **LIR**



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HISTORY OF MANAGEMENT OF ccTLD AND DNS

Lawful environment

- Structur and delegation Request for Comment (RFC) 1591 – Mars 1994
- Hierarchisation and ccTLD two letters for codes of country in ISO – 3166

A Domain name

Name → IP Address

dogon.sotelma.ml → 208.144.208.1

Translation of name and return and IP address

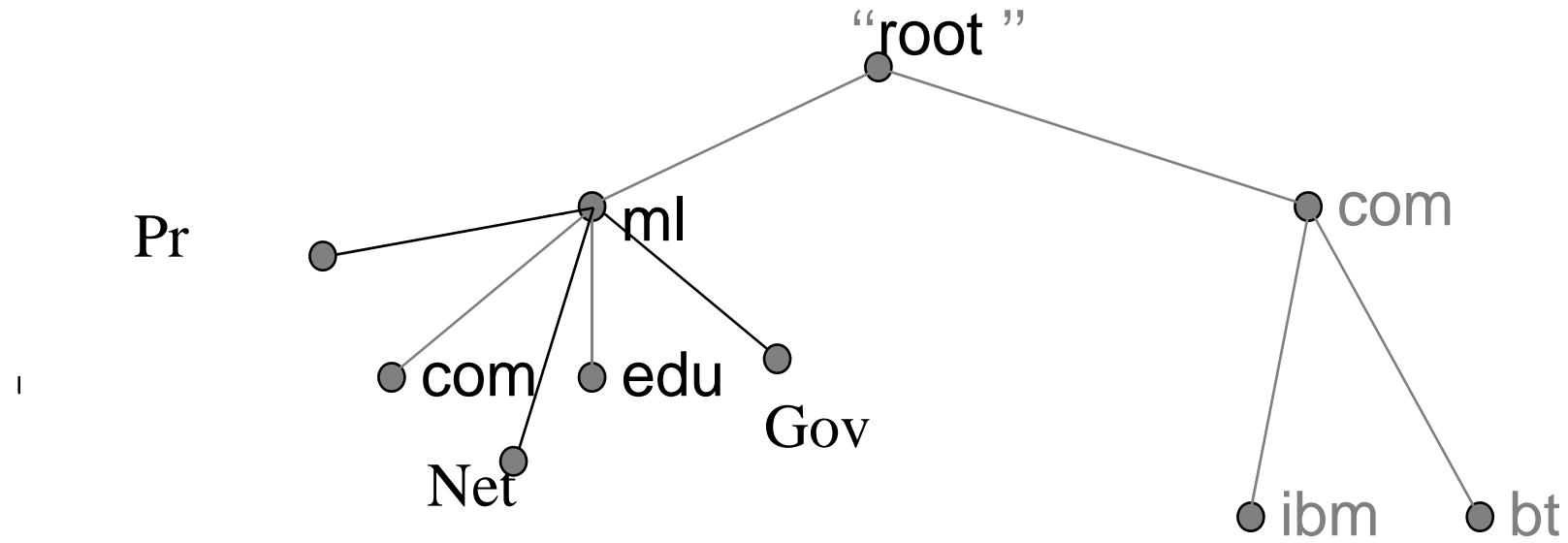
HISTORY OF MANANGMENT OF ccTLD AND DNS

- Technical manangment by ORSTOM since 1993
- Administrative manangment by CNRST
- NOC in the beginning with IP adresses of MCI (Initiative Leyland)
- January 1997 beginning of the negotiations for the repatriation of the management of the .ml
- Implication of ministry of communication mai 1997 for obtention of technical manangment of ccTLD
- Acceptation of IANA september 1997

HISTORY OF MANAGEMENT OF ccTLD AND DNS (Suite)

- Technical Rapatriement of .ml **november 1997**
- **1998 – 1999** consultation with interested parties analyse of best practices in severals countries
- December 1999 adoption of a charter of naming The existing names will be preserved
- The domain is hosted in the operator of telecommunication and there is no formal structure representing a NIC
- Inexistence of a automatic management of the delegation of domain names
- Registrations of domain are only from national's structures
- The creation of second level is by opportunity

“Tree” of Domaine Names



Second Level



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Stratégies institutionnelles

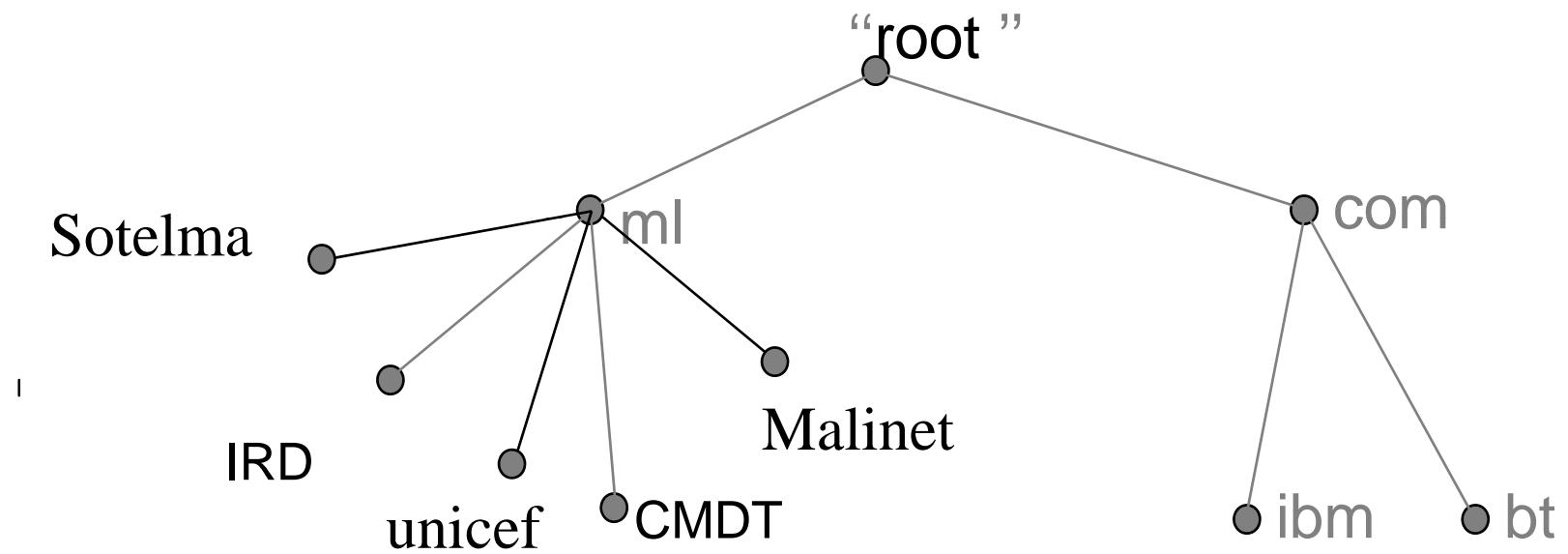
Institutional strategies

- Creation of the Ministry for the Communication and the TIC
- Creation of a Mission of data processing and NTIC with primature changed by Agency
- Creation of departments of data processing in most of big institutions
- Installation of the governmental Intranet
- Presence of the civil society (ISOC, Enet)
- Présence of private secteur (Tradepoint)
- Organization of tripartite meetings (administration, civil society, private sector)

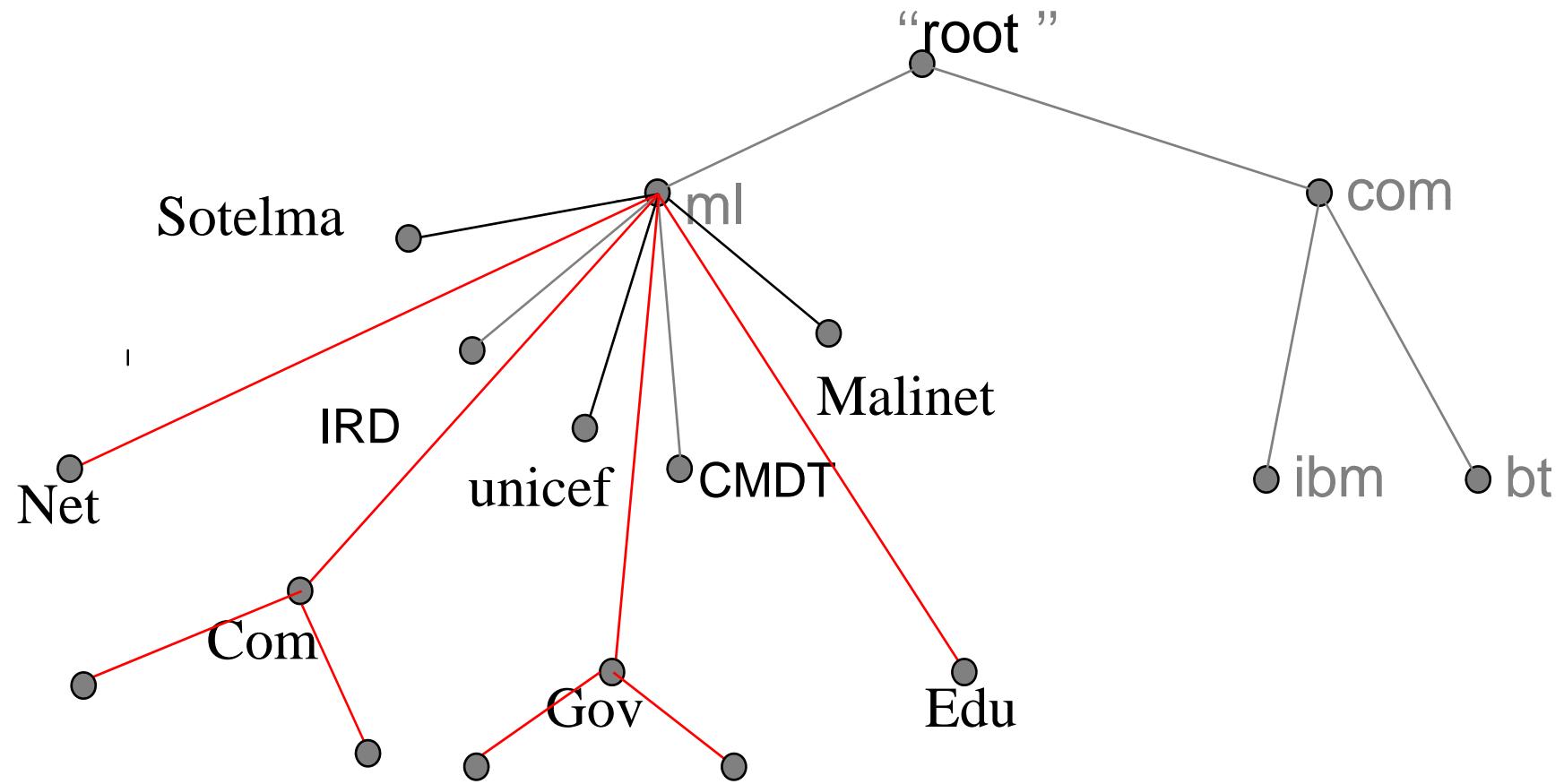
Institutional strategies(suite)

- No operational decree of delegation at the agency
- Creation of first level domain during election 2007
- Affecting the chart of domain names
- Now consultation for reorganization the structure of management of ccTLD with tripartite (administration, civil society, private sector)

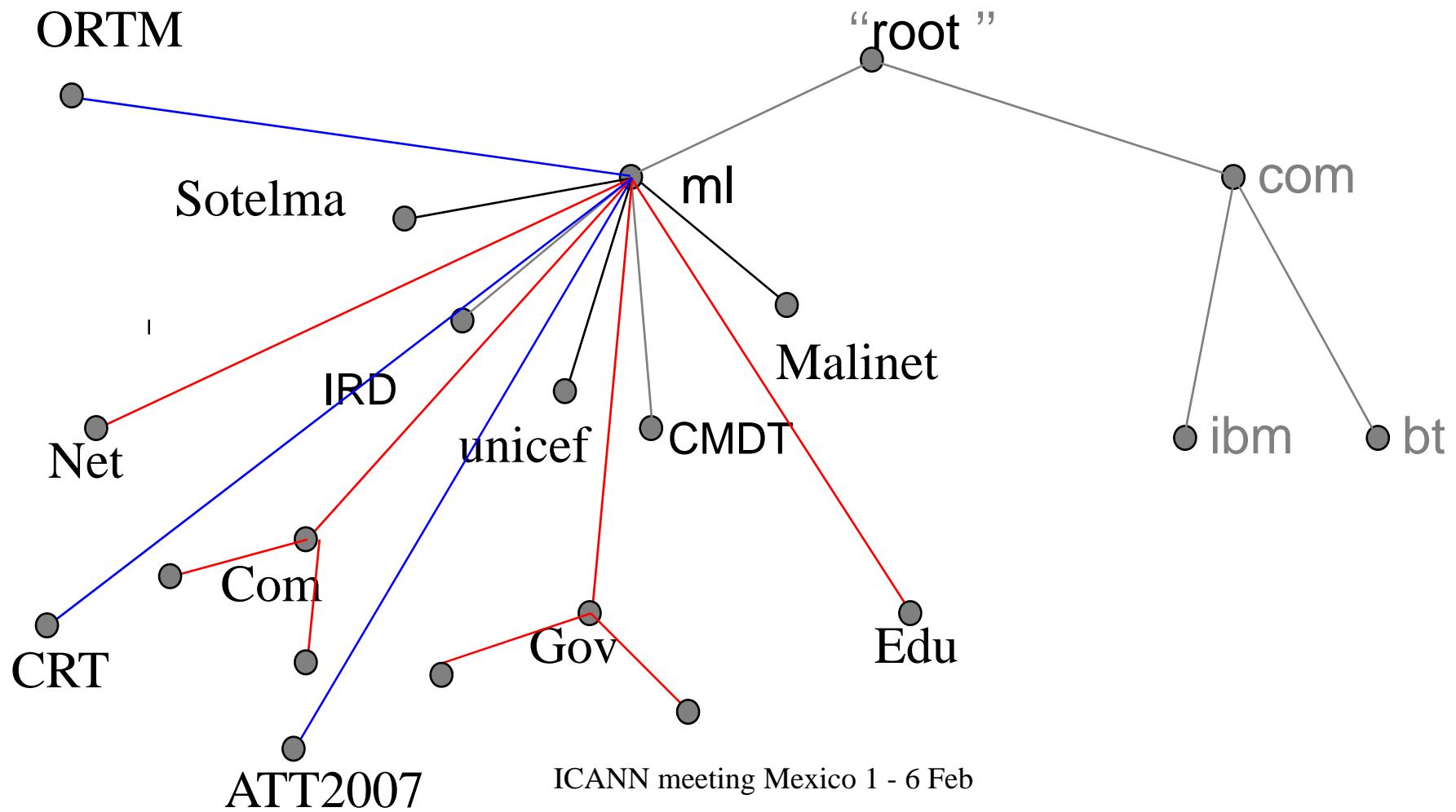
It was



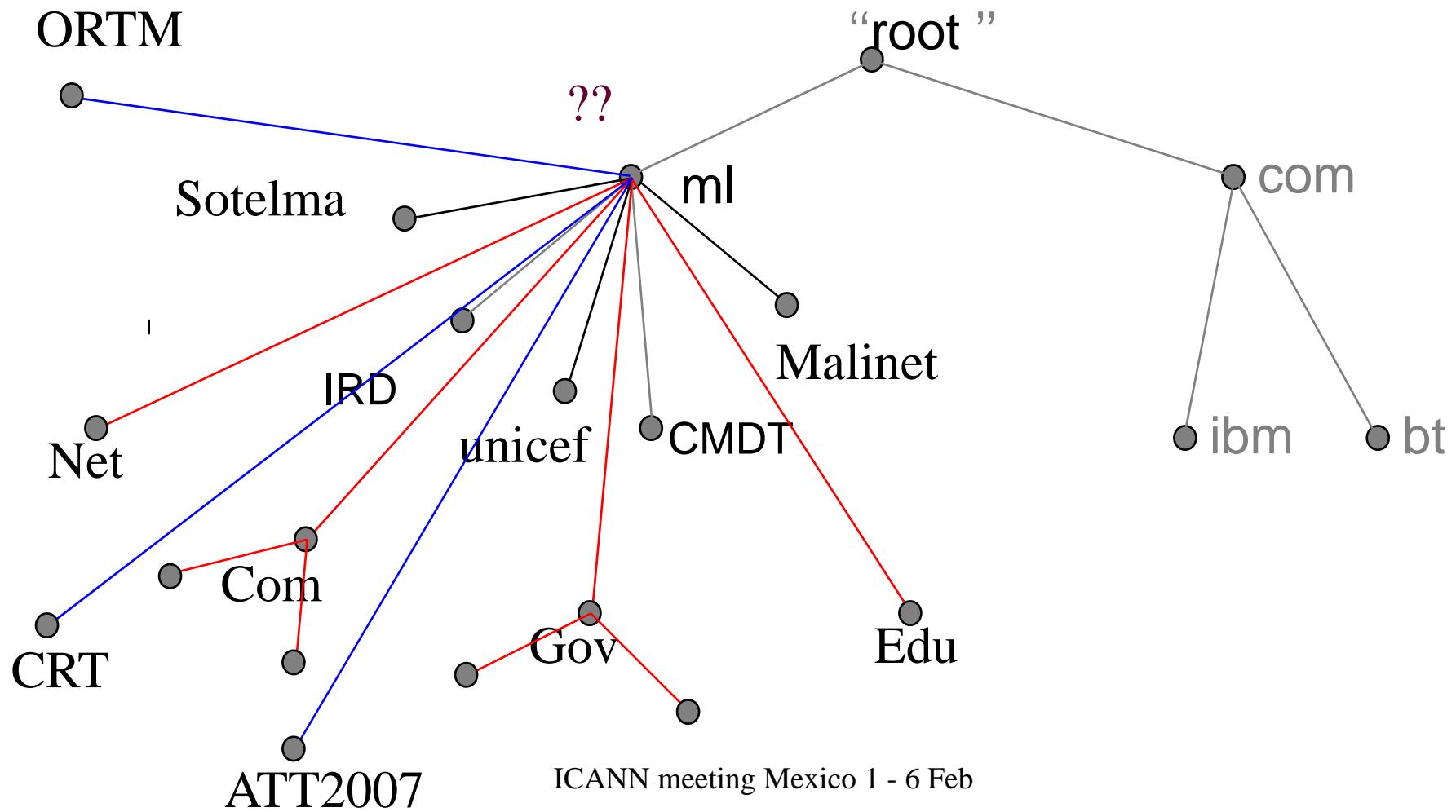
It change to ...



And then to ...



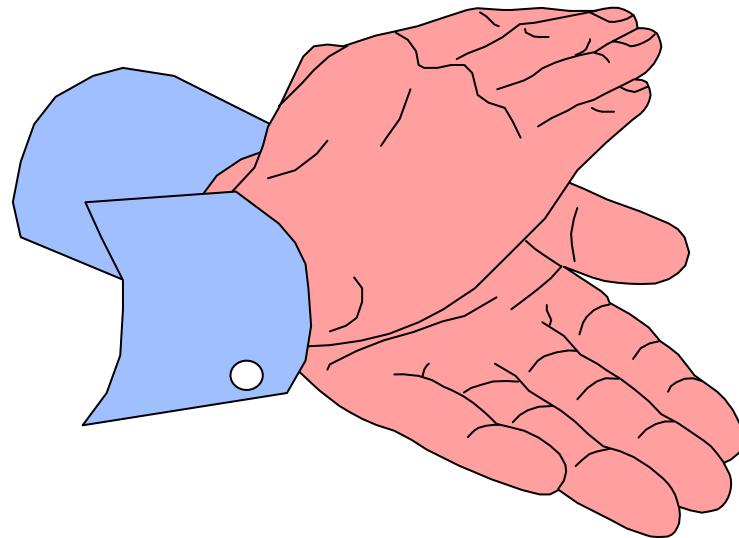
What after ?? ...



SOME REFLEXIONS

- Changing the charte
- Adoption of registry – registrar model
- Création of formal organism for manangment
- Automatization of recording

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MERCI !!!

Questions ???

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